Discuss with your table...

• What do you find exciting about including global perspectives or sustainability into your courses?

Georgia Tech

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• What are your anxieties/concerns about including sustainability or global perspectives into your courses?

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Think Globally, Teach Locally

February 19, 2020 Center for Teaching and Learning The Center for Serve-Learn-Sustain Atlanta Global Studies Center

Why SDGs?





SLS Student Learning Objectives (SLOs)

Students will be able to:

- 1. Identify relationships among ecological, social, and economic systems.
- 2. Demonstrate skills needed to work effectively in different types of communities.
- 3. Evaluate how decisions impact the sustainability of communities.
- 4. Describe how they can use their discipline to make communities more sustainable.

How does SLS support curricular integration?

- SLS Course affiliation & mini-grants
- Linked courses: cross-disciplinary, connected by themes
 - Equitable and Sustainable Development
 - o Green Infrastructure, Water, & Citizen Science
 - o Community Health
- SLS-affiliated Capstone projects
- Teaching Toolkit and other resources



Georgia Tech

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Faculty member: Rosa Arriaga

Course: User Interface Design

SLO alignment: SLO 2

Teaching tools & SLS support:

* SLCE orientation

* Parkway Community Tool

Community engagement: Boys & Girls Club of Metro Atlanta





Faculty member: Jennifer Leavey

Course: Intro. to Research (COS 2000)

SLO alignment: SLO 3

Teaching tools : *ReGenesis* Case Study: Chemical Safety and Ethics in Relation to Communities

SUSTAINABLE GOALS 2 ZERO HUNGER 4 QUALITY EDUCATION 5 GENDER EQUALITY **GOOD HEALTH CLEAN WATER** AND SANITATIO **..............................** e 8 DECENT WORK A ECONOMIC GROU REDUCED Π 13 CLIMATE ACTION 14 LIFE BELOW WATER 15 LIFE ON LAND 16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG 17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS

Atlanta Global Studies Center

 A National Resource Center (NRC), funded by a U.S. Dept. of Education Title VI grant -- one of only seven awards in the nation

Georgia Tech

- A partnership of Georgia Tech and Georgia State University; Collaborations with Emory, Spelman, Agnes Scott, KSU, UGA, UNG
- Strategic partnerships with:
 - RCE Greater Atlanta: Regional sustainability network acknowledged by the United Nations University as a Regional Centre of Expertise (RCE) on Education for Sustainable Development (ESD)
 - GA Depts. of Education and Economic Development, City of Atlanta...
- Mission: AGSC builds international awareness, global competence, and advanced language capacity in higher education, the private & public sector, and the K-12 community to empower the region's global agenda. AGSC integrates and emphasizes principles of Education for Sustainable Development (ESD) and UN Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs) in its programming and initiatives.

Signature Initiatives

- Visiting scholars-in-residence program: Hosting international researchers focusing on UN SDGs
- Faculty grants to advance ESD/UN SDGs: Course development and research travel grants
- Annual symposium: UN SDGs in Education, Research, and Community Engagement
- Collaboratorium series: A supportive and creative space for sharing sustainability-related research, teaching and community engagement practices to explore and foster innovative collaborations

Coordinate Communicate Catalyze Champion

Connect Convene Collaborate

AtlantaGlobalStudies.gatech.edu

sustainability across languages and cultures



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Atlanta Global Studies Center G



Sustainable Development Goals

Dr. Jairo Garcia



After Word War II



Degraded air quality in two megacities: (a) Los Angeles in 1948 (from the Los Angeles Times Photographic Archive, UCLA; and (b) Beijing 65 years later (© JasonLee/Reuters/Corbis).



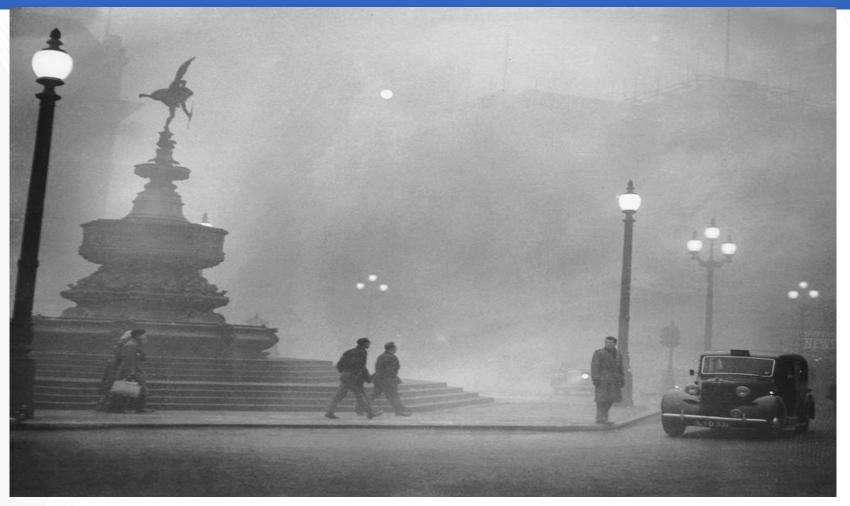
After World War II



- Donora, Pennsylvania, October 1948
- Smog from a zinc factory in town killed 20 people and left thousands sick



After World War II



- Great Smog of London 1952
- Smog from coal plants killed 4,000 people and 100,000 sick



Earth Day – April 22, 1970



On April 22,1970, 20 million Americans took to the streets, parks, and auditoriums to demonstrate for a healthy, sustainable environment in massive coast-to-coast rallies.







What is the National Environmental Policy Act?

The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) was signed into law on January 1, 1970. NEPA requires federal agencies to assess the environmental effects of their proposed actions prior to making decisions. The range of actions covered by NEPA is broad and includes:

NEPA

- making decisions on permit applications,
- adopting federal land management actions, and
- constructing highways and other publicly-owned facilities.

Using the NEPA process, agencies evaluate the environmental and related social and economic effects of their proposed actions. Agencies also provide opportunities for public review and comment on those evaluations.

CREATING THE NEXT





The International community agreed to the notion that both development and the environment could be managed in a mutually beneficial way.

United Nations Conference on the Human Environment (Stockholm Conference)

The United Nations Conference on the Human Environment (also known as the Stockholm Conference) was an international conference convened under United Nations auspices held in Stockholm, Sweden from June 5-16, 1972. It was the UN's first major conference on international environmental issues, and marked a turning point in the development of international environmental politics. Stockholm, Sweden June 5-16, 1972

MORE INFORMATION

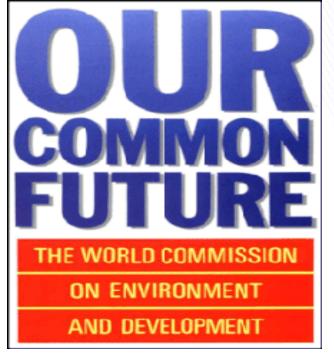
 A/CONF.48/14/REV.1 - Report of the United Nations Conference on Human Environment



1987 – Our Common Future: The Brundtland Report







The Brundtland Report

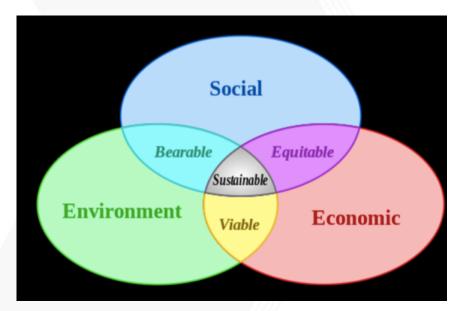
Sustainable development is defined in the report as:

"development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs."



The Brundtland Definition is generally accepted:

"Development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs."





Business Definition: Triple Bottom Line

- People
- Profit
- Planet



1992 – Rio Summit: Agenda 21







Agenda 21 is a non-binding action plan of the United Nations with regard to sustainable development.

The "21" in Agenda 21 refers to the 21st century. Its aim is achieving global sustainable development. One major objective of the agenda 21 is that every local government should draw its own local Agenda 21.

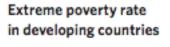


Millennium Development Goals: 2015



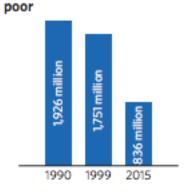


Millennium Development Goals: 2015

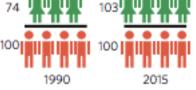




Global number of extreme



Primary school enrolment ratio in Southern Asia 74 102



90% of countries have more women in parliament since





Global measles vaccine coverage 100% -84% 80% 73% 60% 40% 20% 0 2000 2013

MDG 7

٠

Access to piped drinking water since 1990 (billion)

1990	2.3 billion	
2015		4.2 billion

Terrestrial and marine protected areas in Latin America and the Caribbean

	23.4%
8.8%	
1990	2015

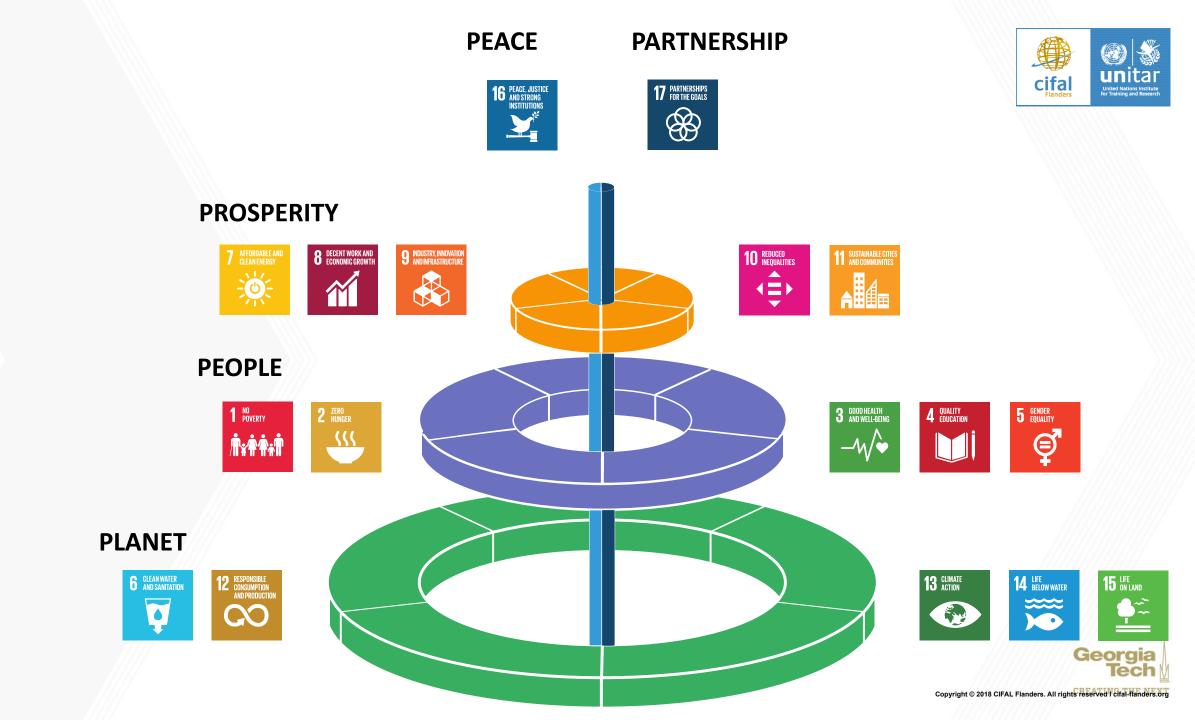
https://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/2015_MDG_Report/pdf



Agenda 2030: Sustainable Development Goals

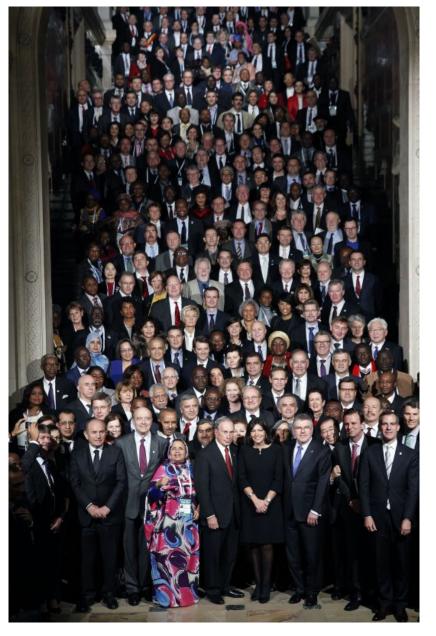


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PARIS 2015 UN CLIMATE CHANGE CONFERENCE



Climate Summit for Local Leaders





Global Warming of 1.5°C

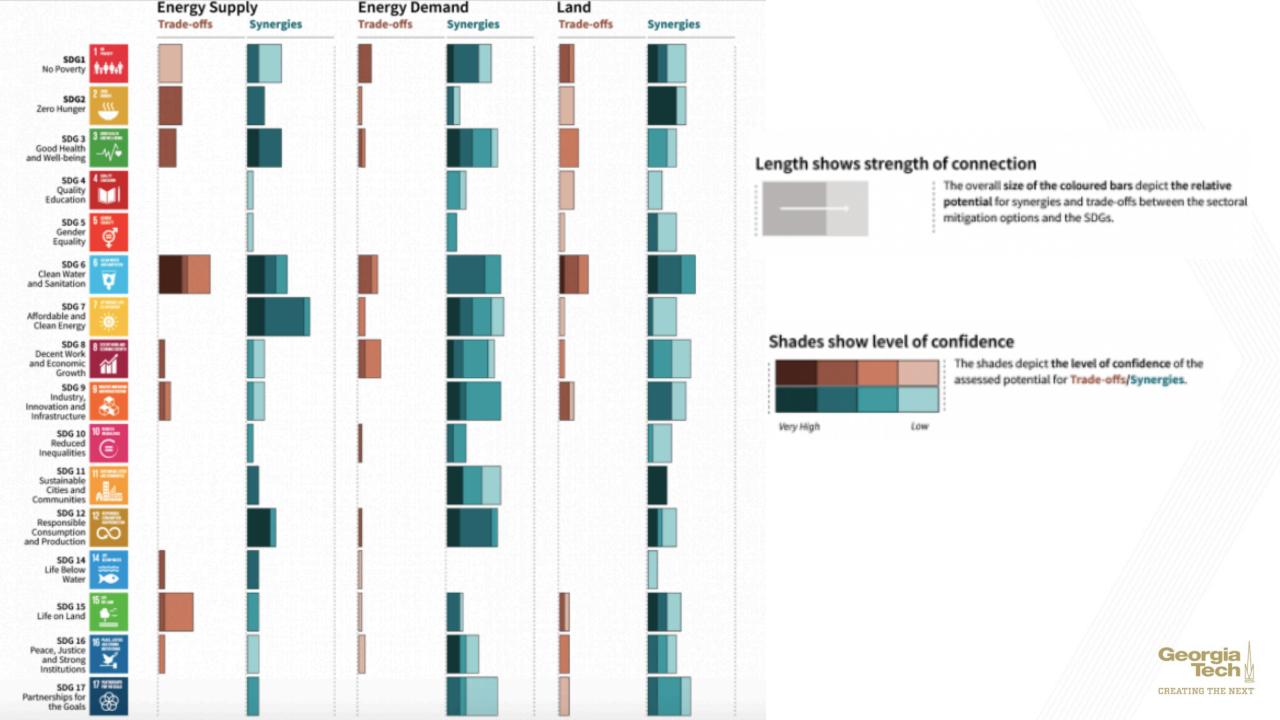
An IPCC special report on the impacts of global warming of 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels and related global greenhouse gas emission pathways, in the context of strengthening the global response to the threat of climate change, sustainable development, and efforts to eradicate poverty.







COP21 · CMP11 PARIS 2015 UN CLIMATE CHANGE CONFERENCE





Dr. Jairo Garcia Jairo.Garcia@design.gatech.edu 404-210-7575



Leave a Mark

- Which SDG aligns with your course?
- Grab a sticky note and mark it on the flag



SDG Pioneer Panel



Joyelle Harris

Electrical and Computer Engineering



Course: Global Leadership

- Required for Global Leadership Living Learning Community (LLC)
- Typical enrollment: 110 115 first year students

Introduce SDGs to these students through three workshop assignments:

- Research
- Application
- Teaching



- Course: Global Leadership
- Research assignment
 - Identify target community within the US or abroad who would benefit from advancing the SDG.
 - Find data about the SDG that pertains to that community.
 - Identify relevant resources and organizations who are currently serving or could serve that community to advance that SDG.
- Application assignment
- Teaching assignment



- Course: Global Leadership
- Research assignment
- Application assignment
 - Identify a need for this SDG within your community or within a local community with whom you are familiar.
 - As a professional in your field, how can you advance the SDG in the future?
 - Discuss one practical strategy or activity that you can implement immediately to advance the SDG.
- Teaching assignment



- Course: Global Leadership
- Research assignment
- Application assignment
- Teaching assignment
 - Prepare a 3 5 minute interactive lesson to teach your peers a single piece of information that is relevant to the SDG.
 - Tell your peers one learning objective for the activity.
 - Complete the activity and teach your peers.
 - Perform a knowledge check after the activity to ensure your learning objective was achieved.
 - After all lessons are complete, write a brief summary of what you learned from your peers.



Britta Kallin

Modern Languages - German



UN SDGs in GT's "GRMN 3696: Sustainability in Germany"

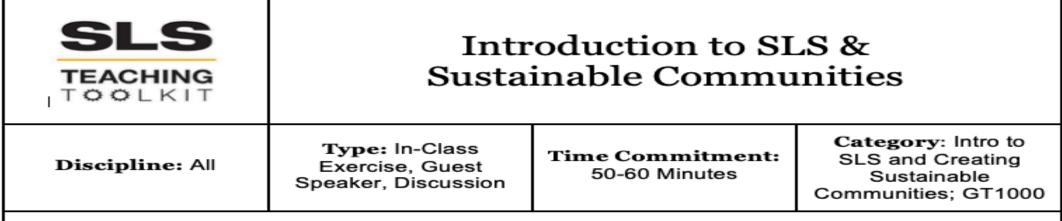
Sustainability in German Studies February 19, 2020 Britta Kallin







SLS – Teaching Toolkits



OVERVIEW:

This tool, intended to be used towards the beginning of the semester, helps instructors frame their course to students in relation to SLS and our mission of educating students to help "create sustainable communities." It also prompts students to begin exploring additional opportunities for connecting to SLS, this semester and beyond.

This tool was contributed by Jennifer Hirsch.

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Introduce students to SLS and talk with them about your course's SLS affiliation and how it contributes to the SLS mission and vision - to educate students to contribute to the task of creating sustainable communities where humans and nature flourish, in Georgia, the U.S., and around the globe (read full text here).
- O laude an OLO annest an elicente como delle te como etcalente



RCE – Greater Atlanta (since 2019)



REGIONAL CENTRE OF EXPERTISE ON EDUCATION FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

ACKNOWLEDGED BY





UNITED NATIONS UNIVERSITY



Sustainability / Nachhaltigkeit



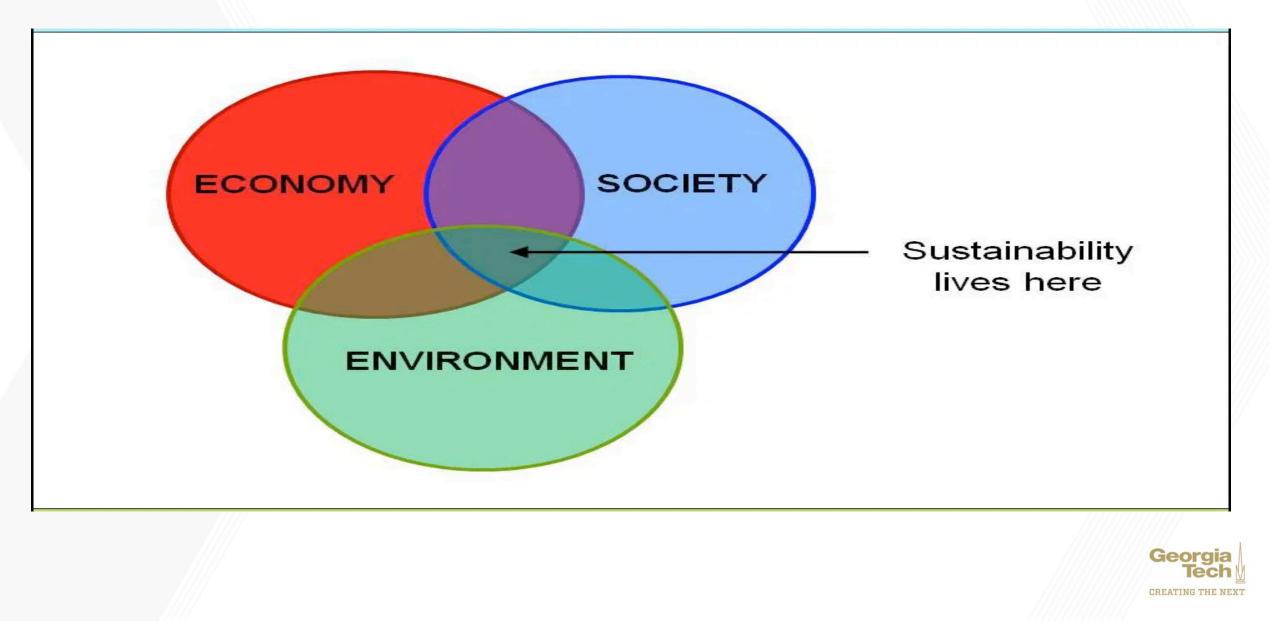


UN Ziele für nachhaltige Entwicklung (UN SDGs)

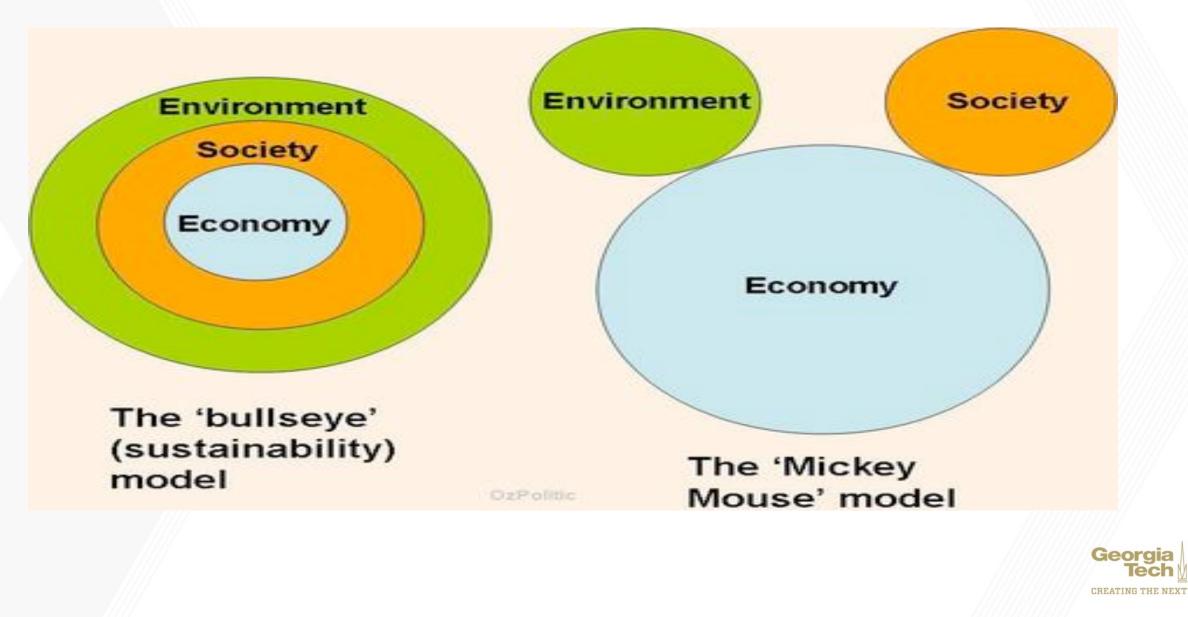




Sustainability Models



Sustainability Models



Economic Sustainability: Ökologischer Fußabdruck



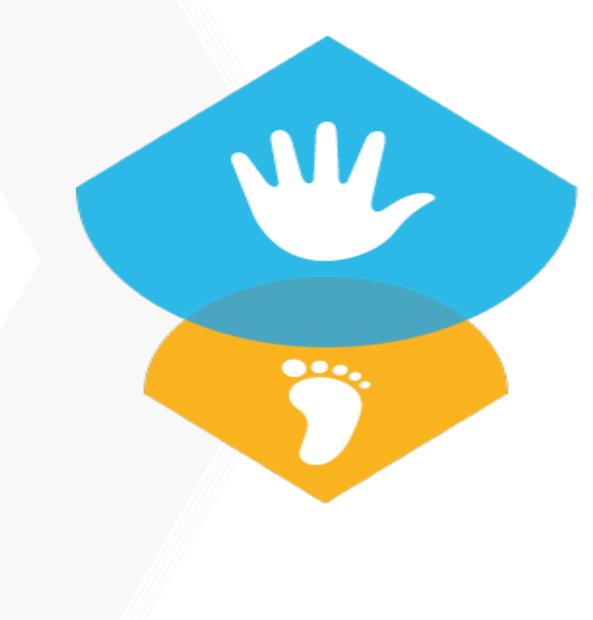


Ökologischer Handabdruck

HAND PRINT Action Towards Sustainability



Ökologischer Handabdruck



positive Effekte steigern

- Lebensqualität
- gesellschaftlicher Zusammenhalt
- Nachhaltigkeitsbewusstsein
- Qualität der Ökosysteme
- etc.

negative Effekte reduzieren

- Übernutzung der Ressourcen
- Emissionen, Abfälle
- Soziale Auswirkungen, z.B.
 Menschenrechtsverletzungen
- etc.



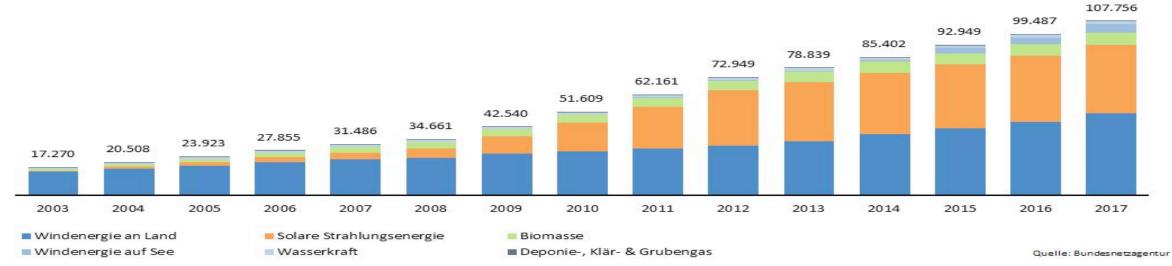
Degrowth / Postmaterialism





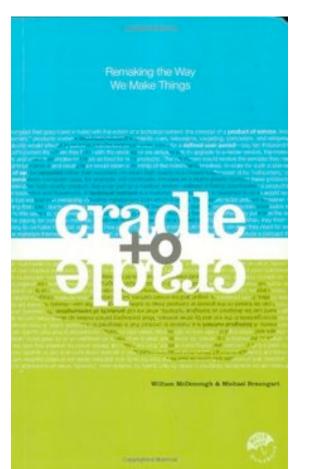
Renewable Energies Law in Germany (1990-)

Entwicklung der installierten Leistung nach erneuerbaren Energieträgern in MW





Michael Braungart, William McDonough, Cradle to Cradle: Remaking the Way We Make Things (2002)





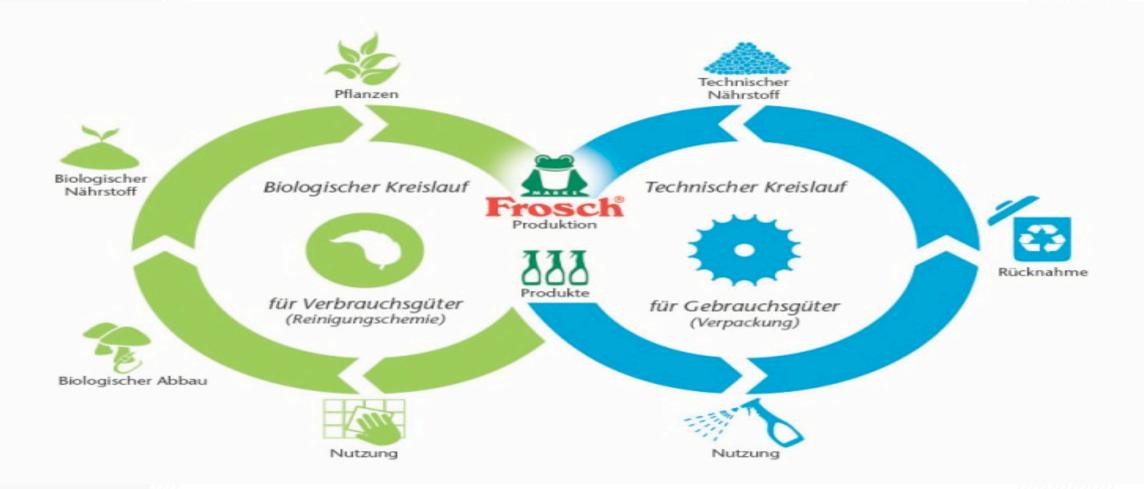
C2C



cradletocradle



C2C – Frosch-Produkte





C2C - Frosch-Produkte





Anthropocene / Anthropozän





Eugene F. Stoermer, Professor of Biology, University of Michigan, School of Natural Resources and Environment Paul J. Crutzen, Atmospheric Chemist, Max Planck Institute for Chemistry, Mainz, Germany



Mindfulness / Simple Living





Social Sustainability





Social Sustainability





Racism in Germany





Gender and Sustainability



Sustainable Development Knowledge Platform

Gender equality, girls' education, professional expectations, gender and religion, LGBTQIA* and Trans networks, laws, and opportunities





Questions or suggestions?



bkallin@gatech.edu



Jairo Garcia

City and Regional Planning





School of City & Regional Planning

CP2233 & SDGs

by: Dr. Jairo Garcia Spring 2020



Course Description:

The objective of this course is to introduce students to the theory and practice of the challenges of sustainable development (aka sustainability) as applied to the built environment and its interconnectivity with the natural environment. It addresses a range of specific sustainability-related issues such as sprawl and smart growth, climate change, transportation, social equity and environmental justice, food systems, and community engagement



Sustainable Urban Dvmt - CP-223...

CP-2233-C Spring 2020

ĒY



Learning Objectives:

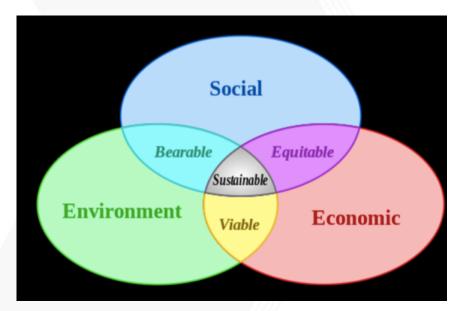
By the end of the course and in accordance with the Serve-Learn-Sustain (SLS) Learning Outcomes, students will have accomplished the following:

- Explain the relationship between urban growth and climate change at local, national, and global scales. Describe some of the challenges that climate change poses for major urban centers.
- Evaluate the sustainability of a variety of urban centers, in relation to social equity, environment, and economy "3 Es".
- Explain how and why urban environmental problems often disproportionately impact vulnerable communities such as low-income communities and communities of color.
- Provide examples that show a variety of ways that research, policies, and practices in sustainable urban planning can enhance sustainable urban development, which respects to all "3Es."



The Brundtland Definition is generally accepted:

"Development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs."

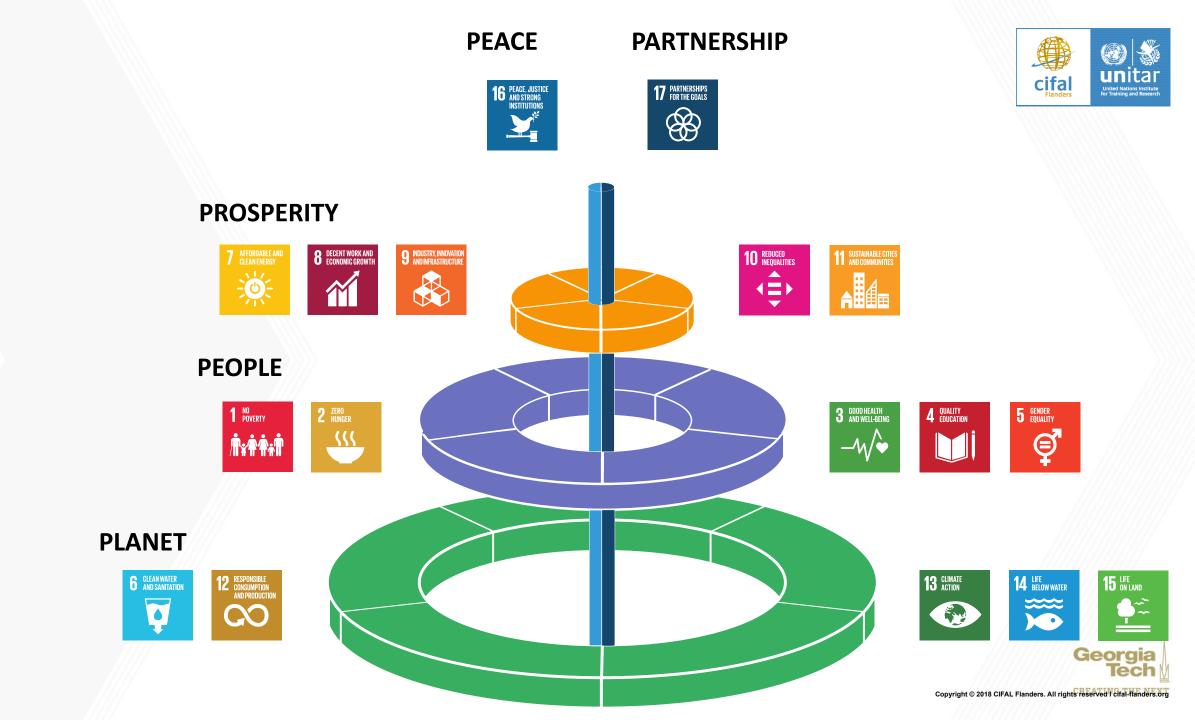




Business Definition: Triple Bottom Line

- People
- Profit
- Planet





Week	Date	Topic
1	Jan 7	Introduction
		SDG 11 & 13: Sustainable Cities & Climate Change
	Jan 9	11 BUSTANAULE DIRES 13 ACHINA 13 ACHINA 13 ACHINA 13 CHINA 14
2		SDG 7: Clean Energy
	Jan 14	Overview Sources of Energy
	Jan 16	Cities & Alternative Energy
		13 ACTION 7 ACTION FRACTION
3		SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation
	Jan 21	Overview water cycle & urban sources of water
	Jan 23	Cities & Water resources (the Atlanta Regional case)
4		SDG 3, 9 & 11: Sustainable Transportation
	Jan 28	Sustainable Transportation
	Jan 30	Urban Mobility: Electrification, Micro-mobility,
		Autonomous Vehicles
		13 CLINEN 11 BUCIANABLE CITES 9 ADDRESS 9 ADDRESS 12 AD



5	Feb 4 Feb 6	SDG 12: Waste Management Urban Waste Management theory Urban Waste Management (City of Atlanta)
6	Feb 11 Feb 13	SDG 2: Food Systems Urban food systems theory Urban gardens and Urban forests (City of Atlanta)
7	Feb 18 Feb 20	SDG 14 & 15: Urban Trees and Green Spaces Urban Green Spaces theory Tree Ordinance and Green Spaces in Atlanta
8	Feb 25 Feb 27	Presentations Team 1-5 Midterm Exam



9		SDG 14 & 15: Urban Biodiversity		
	Mar 3	Urban ecosystems & Biodiversity theory		
	Mar 5	Biodiversity in Atlanta		
		13 Italian 14 Maryana 15 Mar		
10		SDG 11: Sustainable Land Use		
	Mar 10	Sustainable Land Use Theory		
	Mar 12	Land Use Case: City of Atlanta		
11		SDG 1, 5, 10, 11: Equity		
	Mar 24	Urban Equity Theory		
	Mar 26	Equity in Atlanta		
		13 mm 11 meaning 1 mean 5 mm 10 means		
		🐼 📲 treetet 🥥 🤹		
12		SDG 11 & 13: Sustainable Metrics & Resilient Cities		
	Mar 31	Metrics for Sustainable Development		
	Apr 2	Resilient Cities		
		13 cmm 11 account m		
10		CDC 11. Covert Citize & Citize of the Entropy		
13	A	SDG 11: Smart Cities & Cities of the Future		
	Apr 7	Theory Smart Cities		
	Apr 9	13 In 11 Income		
14		Team Presentations		
	Apr 14	Presentations SUD Tools Teams 6-10		
	Ann 16	Presentations Cities		
	Apr 16	r resentations artics		
15	Apr 16 Apr 21	Site Visit		
15				



Example 1: Sustainable Energy

2

SDG 7: Clean EnergyJan 14Overview Sources of EnergyJan 16Cities & Alternative Energy



- Environment
- Economics
- Equity

Environment	Economy	Equity
Fossil fuels vs. Renewables:	The low-carbon economy:	Access to Energy:
ExtractionCarbon emissionsOther waste	 Externalities Prices of energy Job generation & GDP 	 Energy burden Distributed Generation Energy Democracy



Example 2: Food Systems

6		SDG 2: Food Systems
	Feb 11	Urban food systems theory
	Feb 13	Urban gardens and Urban forests (City of Atlanta)

Environment	Economy	Equity
Carbon intensive food systems	Local food systems:	Access to Food:
ExtractionCarbon emissionsFood waste	Urban gardensVertical farmingFood forests	 Food deserts Malnutrition in the time of abundance Local food generation





- Sustainable Development Goals provide a robust framework:
 - ✓ Economy
 - Ecology and
 - ✓ Equity
- Sustainable Development Goals can be applied to any specific field
- Consideration of synergies and tradeoffs should be applied when including SDGs in the different fields





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Shatakshee Dhongde

Economics



Think Globally: The UN SDGs

SUSTAINABLE G ALS



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Teach Locally

- Econ 3161: Econometric Analysis
- Fall and Spring Semester
- Application of Statistical Methods to Economics
- Required course for all Economics majors and double major
- Many minors also take the course
- Class size: 30 to 35 students
- Course requirement: Midterm and Final exam + Research paper



Teach Locally

- Research paper
- Choose a topic aligning with the UN SDGs
- Review most recent literature and write a summary
- Choose data and conduct analysis
 - Simple descriptive statistics
 - Estimating regression models
 - Testing significance of the estimates
 - Conducting sensitivity analysis



Think Globally, Teach Locally

Examples of Research Topics

- Factors affecting poverty rates in the United States
- Relationship between income inequality and economic growth
- Measuring the Impact of Education on Income
- Cross-country differences in per capita income
- Impact of inequality on human development across countries
- Variation in Infant mortality rates across countries



Liam's Legacy Symposium: 2017



Creating, Implementing, and Measuring the U.N. Sustainable Development Goals







New Graduate Certificate in Global Development

• Fall 2020

- School of Economics and Sam Nunn School of International Affairs in the Ivan Allen College of Liberal Arts in collaboration with School of City and Regional Planning in the College of Design
- Graduate Certificate in Global Development
- Courses offered from all three disciplines
- Capstone project: local, national or international



Raghuram Pucha

Mechanical Engineering



Think Globally, Teach Locally

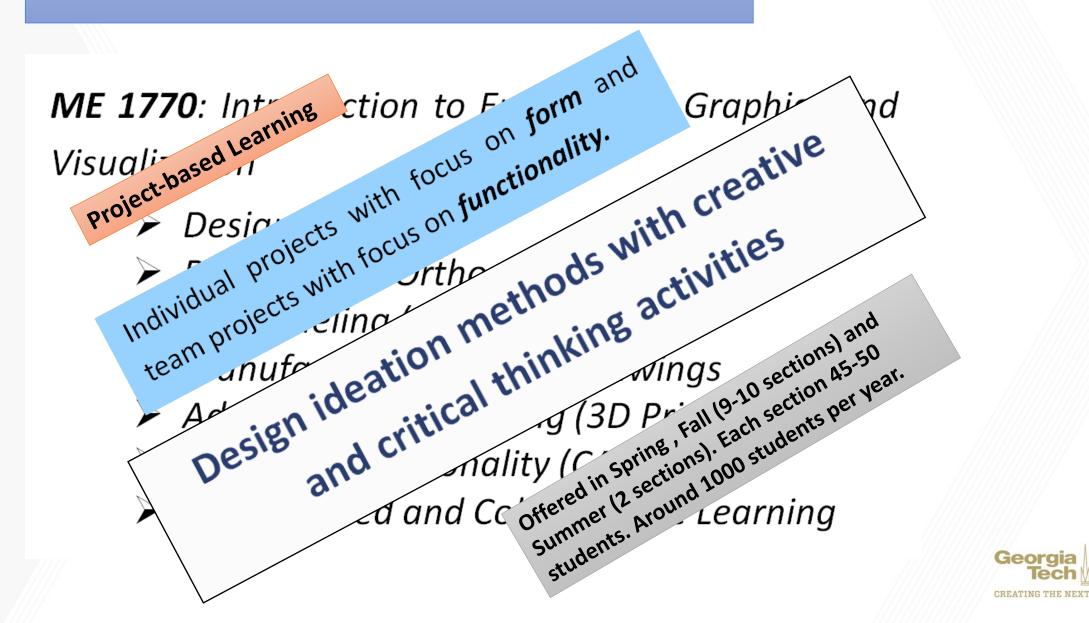
A Socio-Technical Project-based Teaching /Learning with SDG Framework

Raghu Pucha, PhD School of Mechanical Engineering



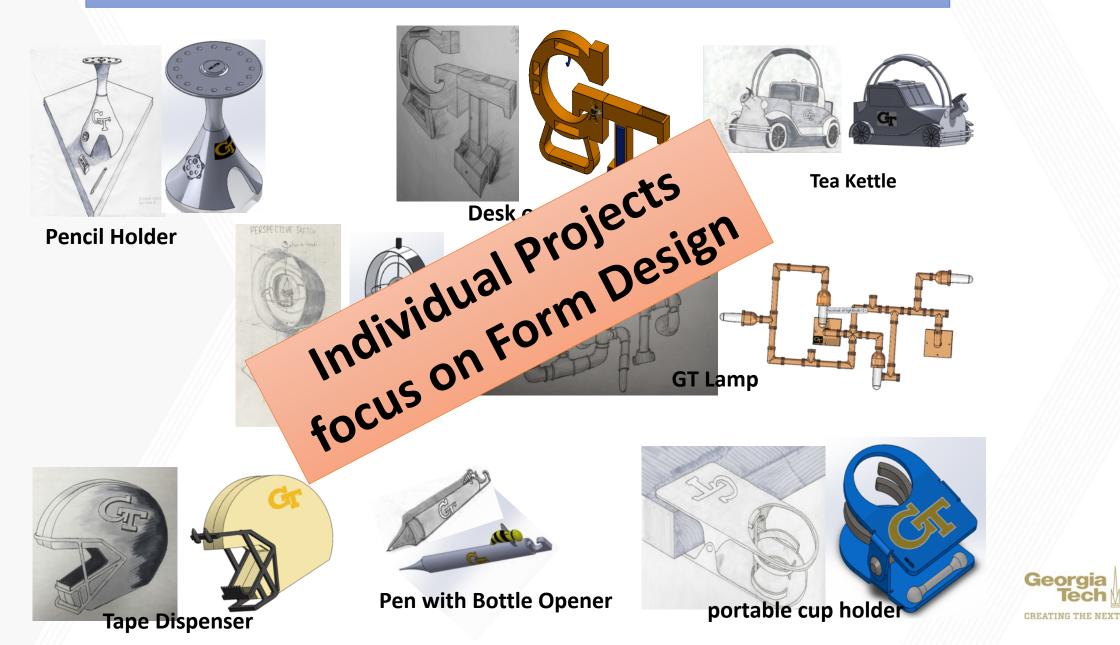
Feb. 19, 2020

ENGINEERING DESIGN GRAPHICS COURSE (ME 1770)



Tech

Student Design Projects (No intervention) (Design GT Souvenirs)



Tech

Traditional Team projects (No intervention) (Large Engineering Structures)





THINK GLOBALLY LEARN LOCALLY– UNITED NATIONS SUSTAINABILITY DEVELOPMENT GOALS





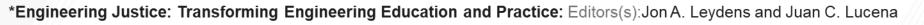
Why Sustainability Intervention?

- University training in problem solving is primarily done using <u>decontextualized text-book problems</u>.
- Traditional Engineering Design (Teaching & Learning)
 - Viewed as a technical problem solving discipline.
 - Engineer is identified as problem solver not problem definer.
 - Assumes Communities are homogeneous entities and can be treated as a "client" or "customer".
 - For many, design means "design-for-Industry".



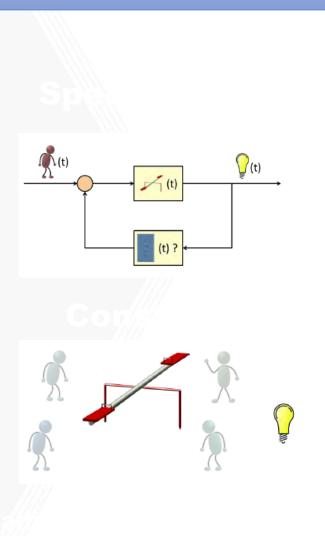
Socio-technical project-based learning with context

- Design-for-Sustainability <u>Projects / Activities are defined</u> <u>contextually.</u>
- Students are required to consider the following in the design activities and projects.
 - Responsible consumption and sustainability.
 - In addition to technical constraints, understand structural conditions
 - who suffers and who benefits.
 - Increasing opportunities and resources.
 - Reducing imposed risks and harms.
 - Enhancing human capabilities.
 - Listening to community "design-for-community" Vs "Design-for-Industry"





Socio-technical project-based learning with context







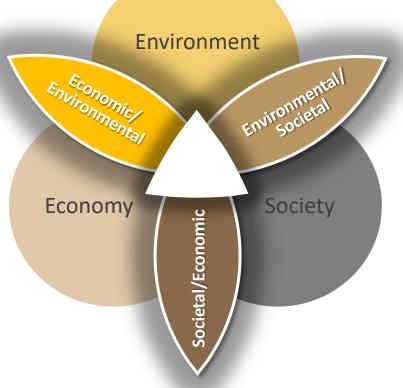
ACKNOWLEDGMENT: ANDREA MAZZURCO, PURDUE



APPROACH FOR SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES

3 Ps

- (1) Social sustainability (People)
- (2) Environmental sustainability (Planet) and
- (3) Economic sustainability (**Profit**)



As an Integrated System – with an emphasis on projects that address two or more spheres





SOCIAL/ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY (TEAM PROJECTS)

Humanitarian designs of Large Engineering structures with context (CAD)





Trash Drone 3000

SDG / Challenge

Clean Water and Sanitation:

Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all.

Basic Design: Designed a large six propelled drone with a grated bottom that lowers and picks up trash. Excess water is let out of the trash containment area through the holes in the tray that keep trash, but filter out water. There is a piston in the drone that compresses the trash and a hinge opens the back so that trash can be emptied in the waste management facility.







Clean water filtration system

SDG / Challenge

Clean Water and Sanitation:

Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all.

Basic Design: This system can store clean water in a tank that can be sized as necessary for the targeted community. The entire system is scalable as well, allowing for different sized rivers and water needs to be considered in the deployment process. The system is also low-tech, requiring no external power source and contains easily replaceable parts for maintenance. All this combines to create a low-cost, low-tech, easily deployable solution which can address clean water needs for developing communities.







Hydroelectricity for Slums in Monsoon

SDG / Challenge

Sustainable Cities and

Communities: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable.

Basic Design: Harvests the kinetic energy of rainfall to supply electricity to slums inhabitants. Since rainfall is intermittent, electricity is stored in a battery to ensure an uninterrupted supply. This electricity could be used for lighting, cooking or to power electronic devices, raising the standard of living in the slum.







The Compress Can

SDG / Challenge

Sustainable Cities and

Communities: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable.

Basic Design: The Compress Can uses solar energy to power a pair of pistons that opens the trash door. Solar panels on the top of the bin provide energy to the electromagnet, which keeps the trap doors closed thus maintaining and air-tight seal to limit the emission of smell and bacteria from the bin, and the hydraulic press which uses a large panel and telescoping arms to compress the waste within the bin to maximize the amount of waste that can be stored therefore maximizing the time between pickups. This function will decrease the frequency that the massive, diesel-consuming garbage trucks spend on the road.







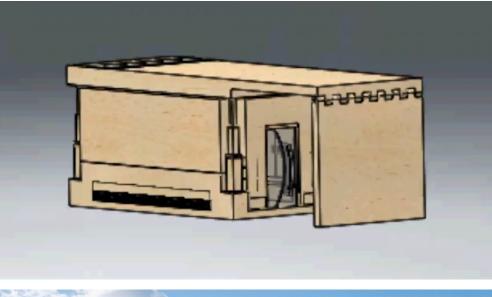
93



Refugee Mobile Housing Complex

SDG / Challenge <u>Sustainable Cities and</u> <u>Comunities:</u> Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable.

Basic Design: Develop an inexpensive transportable shelter for refugees. This design consist of four side walls and an additional patio wall that all fold flat on top of one another, as well as four posts that hold the roof up, and collapse to bring the roof down to the top of the collapsed walls.









and sustainable.

Low-cost dehumidifiers for Proctor Creek watershed, Atlanta

SDG / Challenge

Sustainable Cities and Communities: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient

Basic Designs: Low-cost dehumidifiers as a potential solution for reducing public health risks associated with mold and mildew in the Proctor Creek watershed. The water vapor removed from air in homes could potential be reused for gardening and dehumidifiers that utilize solar energy may not have a huge impact on energy bills. Alternative Low-cost multi-purpose dehumidification approaches and designs are also proposed.









Low-cost Dehumidifier

Dehumidifier with home garden





Hope for a Bee

SDG / Challenge

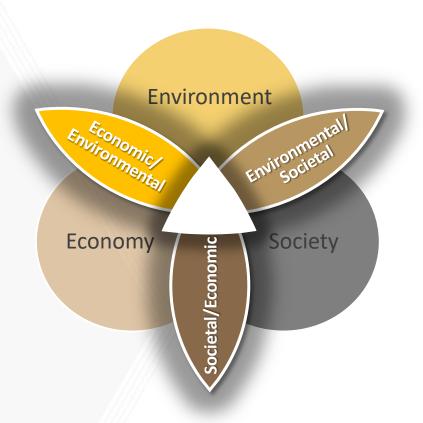
Life on Land : Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss.

Basic Design: Uses reflected sunlight to heat the beehive in order to kill the infections Varroa Mites, in turn promoting the growth of the bee population, therefore increasing the spread of flowering plants.





96



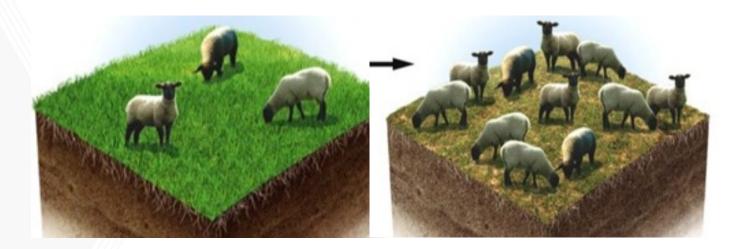


ENVIRONMENTAL/ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY (INDIVIDUAL PROJECTS)

Product design with external representations promoting sustainable resource-use (CAD and 3D Print)



Responsible Consumption: The Tragedy of the Commons



Common resources get used more than is socially desirable.

One person's sustainable choices can be neutralized by others' wasteful behavior.

Leading to depleting or spoiling that resource through their collective action.



External Representations Design* promoting Responsible Consumption

- Environmental decision-making and sustainable resource-use can be both complex and challenging
- External Representations Design
 - Make hidden information <u>explicit</u>
 - Lower the <u>cognitive load</u> involved in sustainability decisions.
 - Motivates people to make decisions that sustain resources, and <u>persist</u> <u>with this behavior</u>.



Example: Product Designs with External Representations promoting sustainable resource use

Project Description

 Using external representations, design creative and unique appliances that promote sustainable use of natural resources for Home & office use of Georgia Tech community.

External Representation design:

Flow of water is terminated after certain amount of water is used.

- Make hidden information explicit
- Lower the cognitive load involved in sustainability decisions.

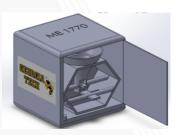


Water saving shower head with external representations





Experimental Class: Appliance Designs with external representation for responsible use of resources (Individual Project)

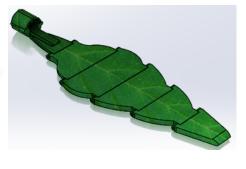


Water saving device





Smart Shower Heads



Sustainable Table-lamp



Eco Light Switches



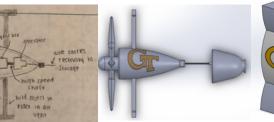
Smart sustainable fan

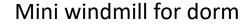


Faucets with usage monitor



Hydro-electric Generator





Portable Heater



STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

Georgia Center for Tech Serve-Learn-Sustain

SLS Student Learning Outcomes

- 1. Students will be able to identify relationships among ecological, social, and economic systems.
- 2. Students will be able to demonstrate skills needed to work effectively in different types of communities.
- 3. Students will be able to evaluate how decisions impact the sustainability of communities.
- 4. Students will be able to describe how they can use their discipline to make communities more sustainable.





Sustainability systems-thinking skills

- Systems thinking provides an understanding of a system by examining the linkages and interactions between the elements that comprise the whole of the system.
- Sustainability system-thinking skills include
 - I. Identify static / dynamic relationships among ecological, social, and economic factors of sustainability
 - II. Influence of context and evaluate how design decisions impact the sustainability of communities



Additional Resources



Connecting to Your Course

- How might the UN SDGs connect to your existing course learning goals? How might you need to expand your goals?
- How might you incorporate the UN SDGs into assignments and other assessments?
- How might you engage your students in learning activities related to the UN SDGs?

Easy	Exciting	Dream Big	

Geo

How can we help?

- Please complete the evaluation before you go
- What additional resources can we provide?

